Ety.: From the Latin barbelifer, "barbel-bearing," referring to barbel-like lobes of the petals and lip

Species haec *L. calodictyonis* Hook. affinis, sed habitu minore foliorum marginibus non conspicue undulatis, petalorum lobo mediano ligulato et labello basi bicaudato differt.

Plant small, epiphytic, caespitose, roots slender. Ramicauls slender, erect, 1-3 cm long, enclosed by 3-6 minutely ciliate, lepanthiform sheaths. Leaf suberect to spreading, thinly coriaceous, reticulated, elliptical, subacute to obtuse, with the margins entire or only faintly undulate, 6-15 mm long, 5-15 mm wide, the base cuneate into a petiole 0.5-2 mm long. Inflorescence a congested, subsecund, successively several-flowered raceme, 2-3 mm long, borne on top of the leaf by a slender peduncle 4-9 mm long; floral bracts 1-0.5 mm long, minutely echinate; pedicels 2-3 mm long; ovary spiculate, 2-2.5 mm long; sepals orange, membranous, reflexed, glabrous, sparsely ciliate, carinate-spiculate externally, the dorsal sepal ovate, acute, 3.25 mm long, 1.5 mm wide, 3-veined, free from the lateral sepals, the lateral sepals ovate, oblique, acute, 3.25 mm long, 1.5 mm wide, 2-veined, connate 0.25 mm; petals microscopically pubescent, trilobed, the middle lobe transversely oblong, ciliate, 1.75-2 mm long, 0.75-1 mm wide, 3-veined, the basal, inner, upper margin contracted into a filamentous tail 3 mm long; lip orange-brown, minutely ciliate, subquadrate, the apex broadly obtuse, shallowly retuse, 1.3 mm long, 1.75 mm wide, with the basal angles produced into filamentous tails 0.6 mm long, connate by a slender claw to the column near the middle; column 1 mm long, the anther and the stigma apical.

Carchi: epiphytic in forest between Chical and Maldonado, alt. 1500 m, collected by J & L Orchids with A. Hirtz, alt. 1800 m, 11 Jan. 1993, A. Hirtz 5865 (Holotype: MO); flowered in cultivation at J & L Orchids, Easton, CT, 12 Mar. 1994, C. Luer 17132 (MO).

This species is closely related to *L. calodictyon*, but it differs from the latter in the smaller leaves with deep green reticulations and non-undulate margins. The petals consist of a single, transversely oblong lobe with filamentous tails produced from both margins above the base. Most distinguishing is the subquadrate lip with a slender tail produced from the bases that surround the column.

Lepanthes calodictyon is widely distributed in southern Colombia and western central Ecuador. Within its distribution in northern Ecuador four closely related species are recognized: this species, L. saltatrix, L. tentaculata and L. volador.

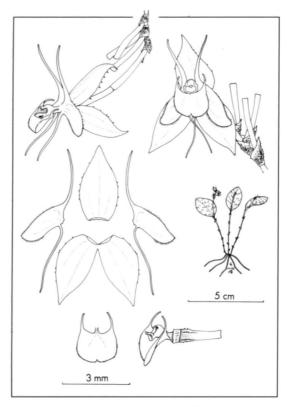


Fig. 23. Lepanthes barbelifera